# Cosis ReadingDewey Decimal Call Numbers 

## School \& Public Libraries

Onceyou'vesearchedthelibrary'scatalog, howdoyou locate your items inthe library? Some catalogs will list the section and floor foreach item. It will also list a call number so you canzero in onthe correctshelf inthe library.Mbst school and public libraries in the U.S., use the Dewey Decimal Classification System to assign call numbers to most library materials, including books and journals.

What is the purpose of call numbers? Each book or journal has a call number, which provides an address or location for the item, and also provides valuable information about it, such as the subject and thefirst letters of the author'slast name.

Call numbers appear:
on the spine of books... and ...inthe library catalog


Note that the same call number can be writtenfromtop-tobottom, or left-to-right.

How do you read call numbers? The Dewey Decimal Classification System uses a system of numbers to arrange materials on library shelves by subject:


In what order do call numbers appear on the shelf? Call numbers are arrangedfirst by the decimal number, and then if identical, with the letters of the authors last name.


What information does the call number tell you? The Dewey Decimal Classification System arranges materials by subjects. Thefirstsection of the call number represent the subjectofthe book. The letters below the decimal number of the call number often representstheauthor'slastname.:


Why is this important to know? Although the most efficient way to locate materialson a particulartopic is usuallyto performa subject searchin online catalog and then note the call number foreach retrieveditem,browsingtheshelvescanalsohelpyou locate material appropriate for your topic. Since books are classified by subject, you can oftenfind several helpfulbookson the same shelf, or nearby. For example, within the subject classification 568,theremay beseveral guidesabout the evolution ofbirds.


568 CHI
Glorified dinosaurs


568 WIT
Mesozoic birds:


568 PAU Dinosaurs of the air

The Dewey Decimal Classification system is used in libraries to organize knowledge into ten broad categories, 000-900. Each category is subdivided into narrower topics. For example, books about how to play basketball are found in 796.323 . $700=$ arts \& recreation; 790=sports, games \& entertainment; 796=athletic \&outdoor sports \& games; 796.3=indoor games; 796.32=ball \& net sports; 796.323=basketball

| 000 - Computer Science, Information, and General Works | 500 - Science |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 500 Science |
| 000 Computer science, knowledge \& systems | 510 Mathematics |
| 010 Bibliographies | 520 Astronomy |
| 020 Library \& information sciences | 530 Physics |
| 030 Encyclopedias \& books of facts | 540 Chemistry |
| 040 [Unassigned] | 550 Earth sciences \& geology |
| 050 Magazines, journals \& serials | 560 Fossils \& prehistoric life |
| 060 Associations, organizations \& museums | 570 Life sciences; biology |
| 070 News media, journalism \& publishing | 580 Plants (Botany) |
| 080 Quotations | 590 Animals (Zoology) |
| 090 Manuscripts \& rare books |  |
| 100 - Philosophy and Psychology | 600-Technology |
| 100 Philosophy | 600 Technology |
| 110 Metaphysics | 610 Medicine \& health |
| 120 Epistemology | 620 Engineering |
| 130 Parapsychology \& occultism | 630 Agriculture |
| 140 Philosophical schools of thought | 640 Home \& family management |
| 150 Psychology | 650 Management \& public relations |
| 160 Logic | 660 Chemical engineering |
| 170 Ethics | 670 Manufacturing |
| 180 Ancient, medieval \& eastern philosophy | 680 Manufacture for specific uses |
| 190 Modern western philosophy | 690 Building \& construction |
| 200-Religion | 700-Arts and Recreation |
| 200 Religion | 700 Arts |
| 210 Philosophy \& theory of religion | 710 Landscaping \& area planning |
| 220 The Bible | 720 Architecture |
| 230 Christianity \& Christian theology | 730 Sculpture, ceramics \& metalwork |
| 240 Christian practice \& observance | 740 Drawing \& decorative arts |
| 250 Christian pastoral practice \& religious orders | 750 Painting |
| 260 Christian organization, social work \& worship | 760 Graphic arts |
| 270 History of Christianity | 770 Photography \& computer art |
| 280 Christian denominations | 780 Music |
| 290 Other religions | 790 Sports, games \& entertainment |
| 300-Social Sciences | 800-Literature |
| 300 Social sciences, sociology \& anthropology | 800 Literature, rhetoric \& criticism |
| 310 Statistics | 810 American literature in English |
| 320 Political science | 820 English \& Old English literatures |
| 330 Economics | 830 German \& related literatures |
| 340 Law | 840 French \& related literatures |
| 350 Public administration \& military science | 850 Italian, Romanian \& related literatures |
| 360 Social problems \& social services | 860 Spanish \& Portuguese literatures |
| 370 Education | 870 Latin \& Italic literatures |
| 380 Commerce, communications \& transportation | 880 Classical \& modern Greek literatures |
| 390 Customs, etiquette \& folklore | 890 Other literatures |
| 400-Language | 900-History and Geography |
| 400 Language | 900 History |
| 410 Linguistics | 910 Geography \& travel |
| 420 English \& Old English languages | 920 Biography \& genealogy |
| 430 German \& related languages | 930 History of ancient world (to ca. 499) |
| 440 French \& related languages | 940 History of Europe |
| 450 Italian, Romanian \& related languages | 950 History of Asia |
| 460 Spanish \& Portuguese languages | 960 History of Africa |
| 470 Latin \& Italic languages | 970 History of North America |
| 480 Classical \& modern Greek languages | 980 History of South America |
| 490 Other languages | 990 History of other areas |

